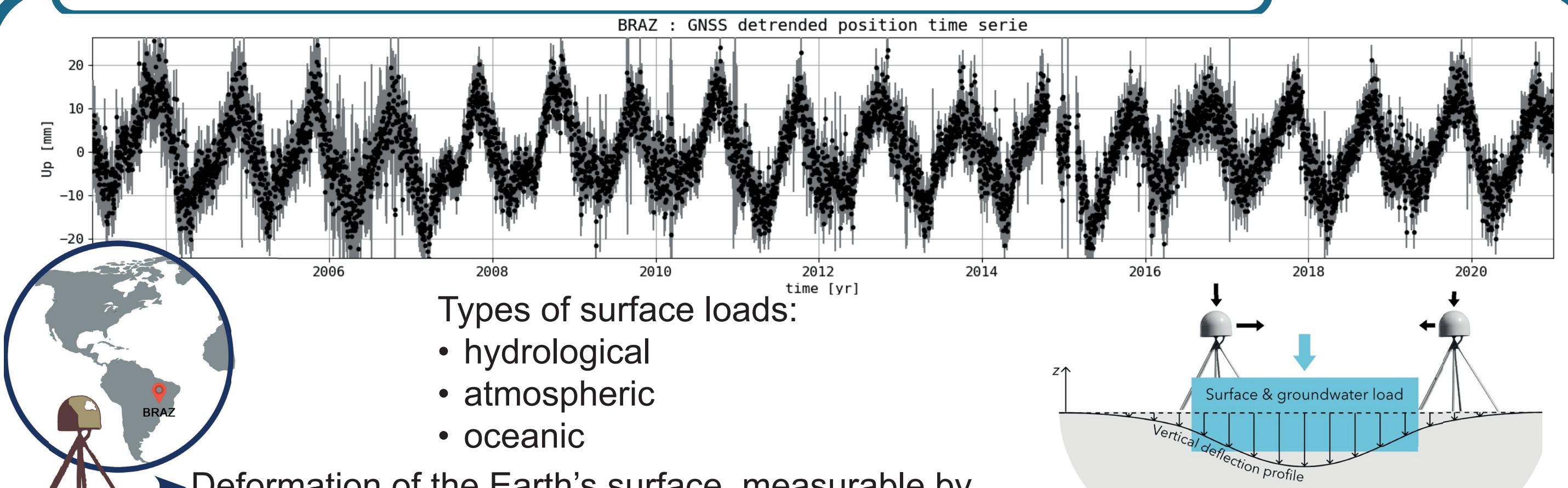


P2: 020

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1 - How do surface loads deform the Earth ?



Objectives:

- Analyse & compare loading correction models on GNSS time series
- Focus on the influence of station-specific characteristics: station monuments & geographic location

3 - Dataset

Loading models computed with Aliedocs service (see 2.)

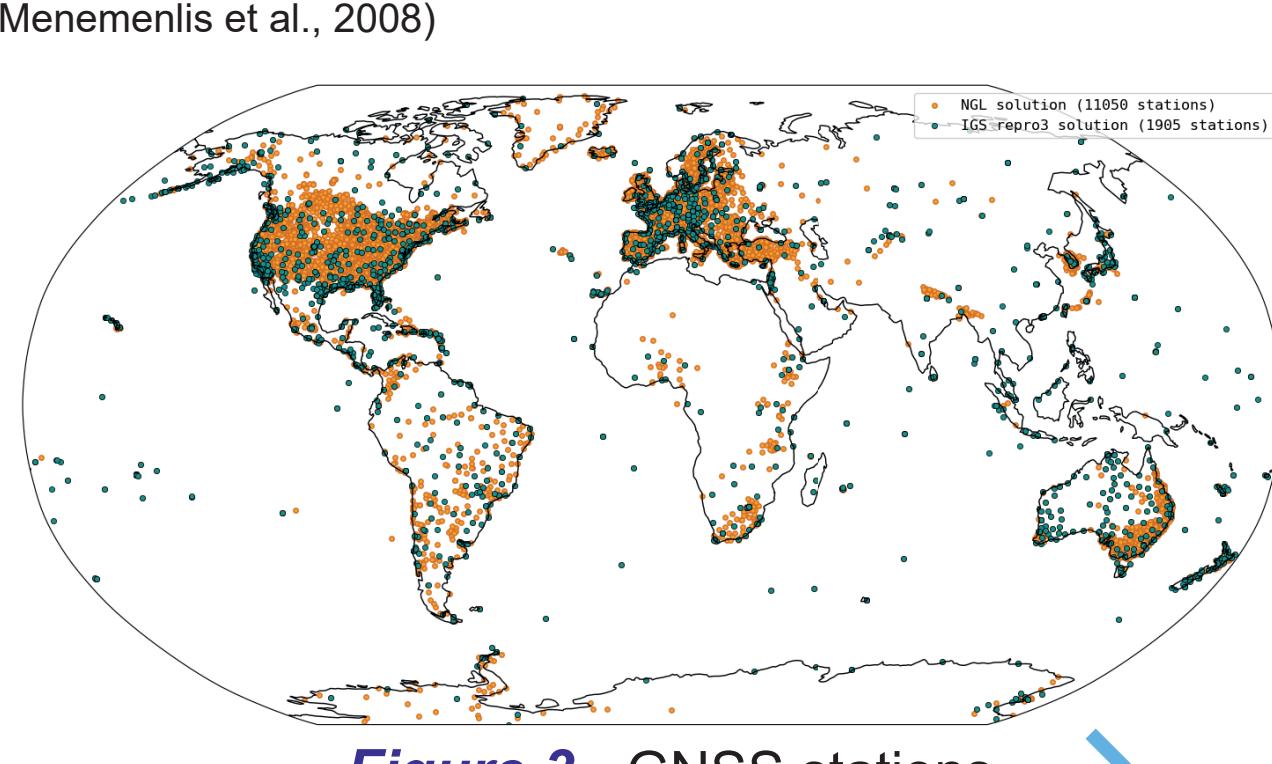
- hydrological, atmospheric and oceanic loading models (Beaudouin et al., 2020; Gelaro et al., 2017; Hersbach et al., 2023; Menemenlis et al., 2008)
- GRACE-FO solutions (Dahle et al., 2019; Gauer et al., 2023)

GNSS time series:

- IGS repro3 campaign, ~1.300 stations (Rebischung et al., 2024)
- Nevada Geodetic Laboratory (NGL), ~ 11.000 stations (Blewitt et al., 2018)

GNSS station metadata:

- monuments (description, foundation, geology, height)
 - antenna & receiver
- extracted from sitelogs & monument table

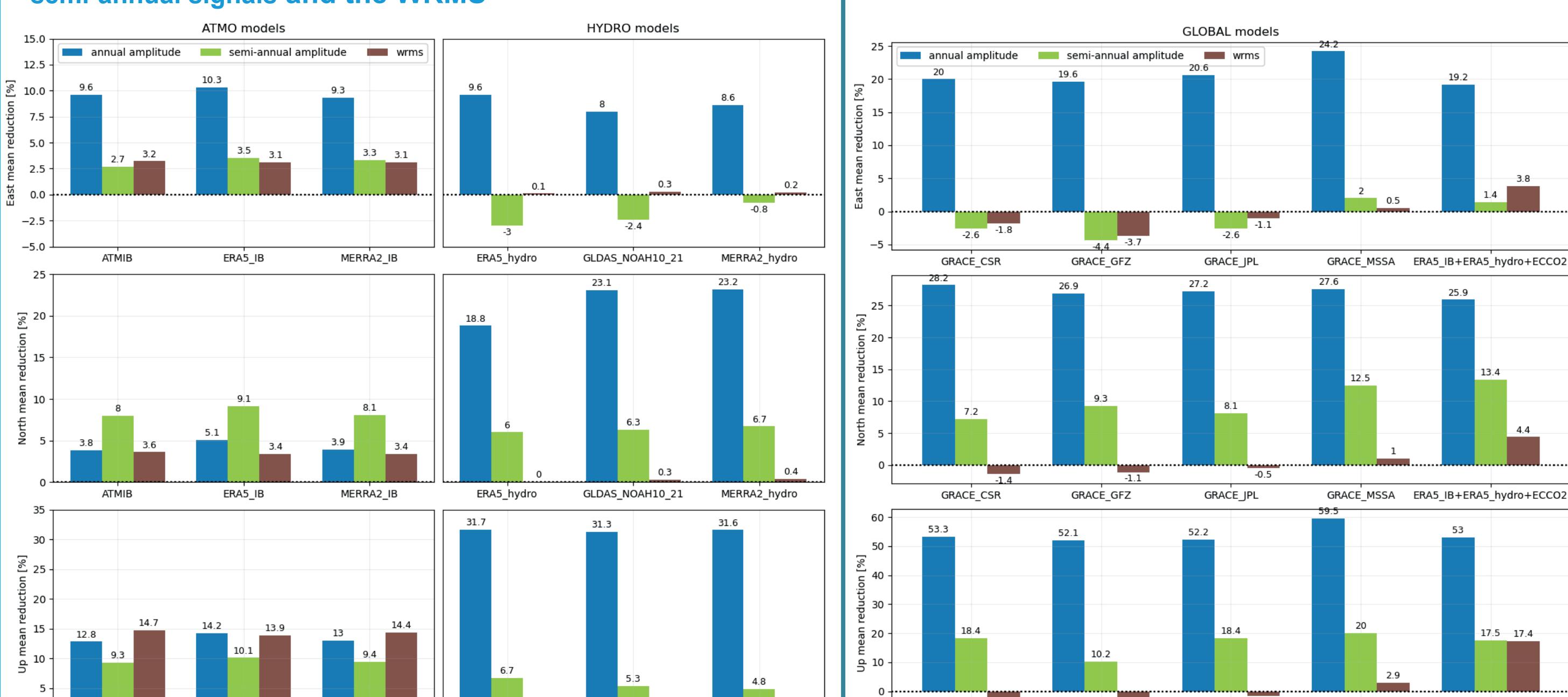


4 - Loading models comparison

IGS repro3 dataset

• Loading models comparison based on annual amplitude, semi-annual amplitude & WRMS

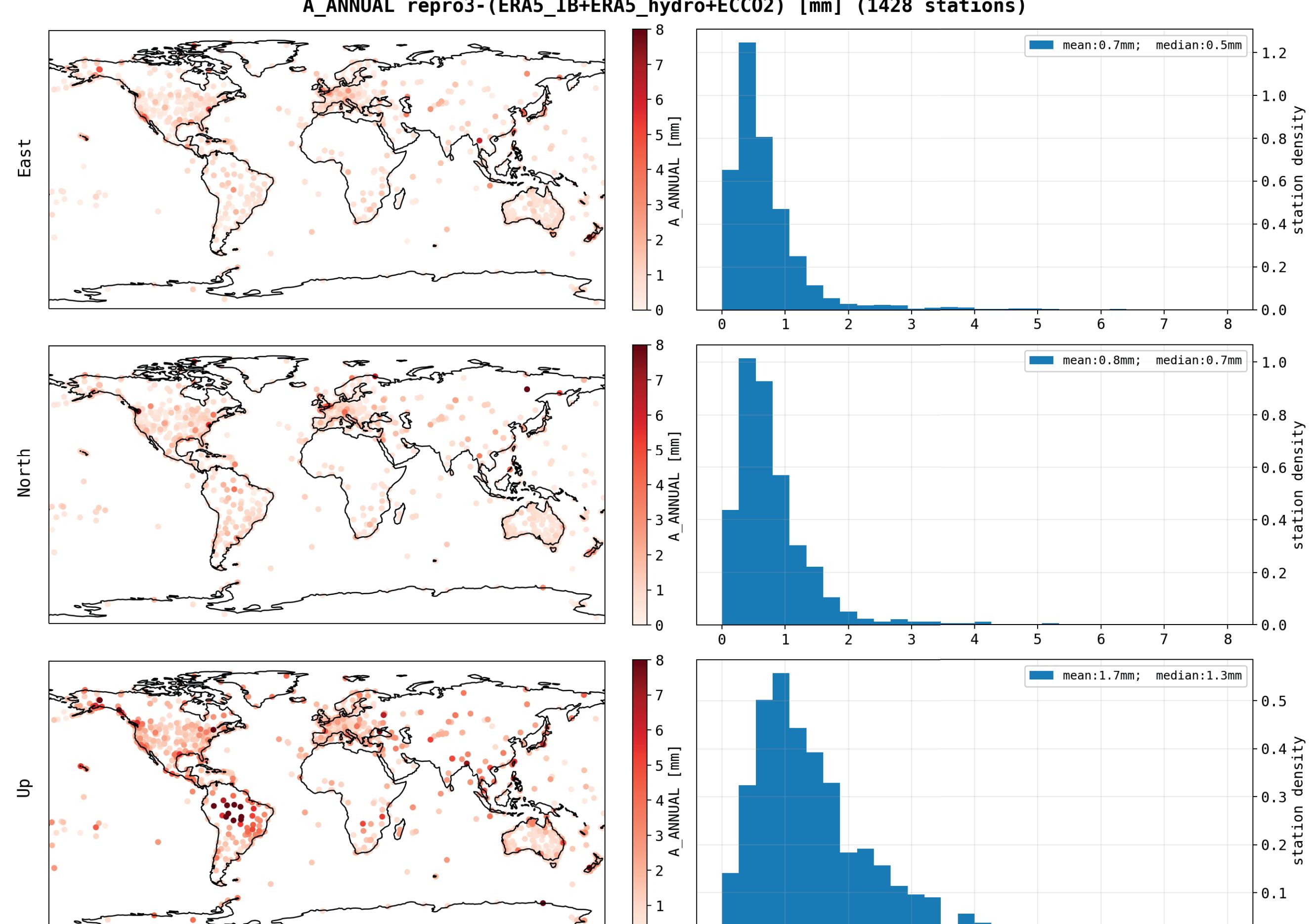
Figure 4.1 - Loading models comparison: % mean reduction on the amplitudes of annual signals, the amplitudes of semi-annual signals and the WRMS



• Build global loading model with atmo (ERA5_IB) + hydro (ERA5_hydro) + ocean (ECCO2)

Figure 4.2 - Annual amplitude residues on (repro3-global loading model)

A_ANNUAL_repro3-(ERA5_IB+ERA5_hydro+ECCO2) [mm] (1428 stations)



6 - Conclusion

Loading models (see 4.):

- GRACE comparison: GRACE-MSSA provides better corrections of GNSS time series
- GRACE+dealiasing comparable with a global loading model (atmo+hydro+ocean) on annual and semi-annual reductions

Monuments (see 5.): differences in GNSS time series corrected for loading effects according to station characteristics, such as geology ('CLAY', 'SOIL' vs 'BEDROCK') or monument foundation ('BEDROCK' vs 'SILO').

Similar results with (ERA5_IB+ERA5_hydro+ECCO2) model & GRACE_MSSA

- Outlook: focus on stations with abnormal motions compared to their neighbors and try to identify specific characteristics.

2 - ALIEDOCS project



ALIEDOCS: an online computation service for hydrological, atmospheric and oceanic loading. Composed of an **API**, a **database** and an **User Interface** (Figure 2). Developed and hosted by the Institut de Physique du Globe de Paris (IPGP-IGN).

Objectives:

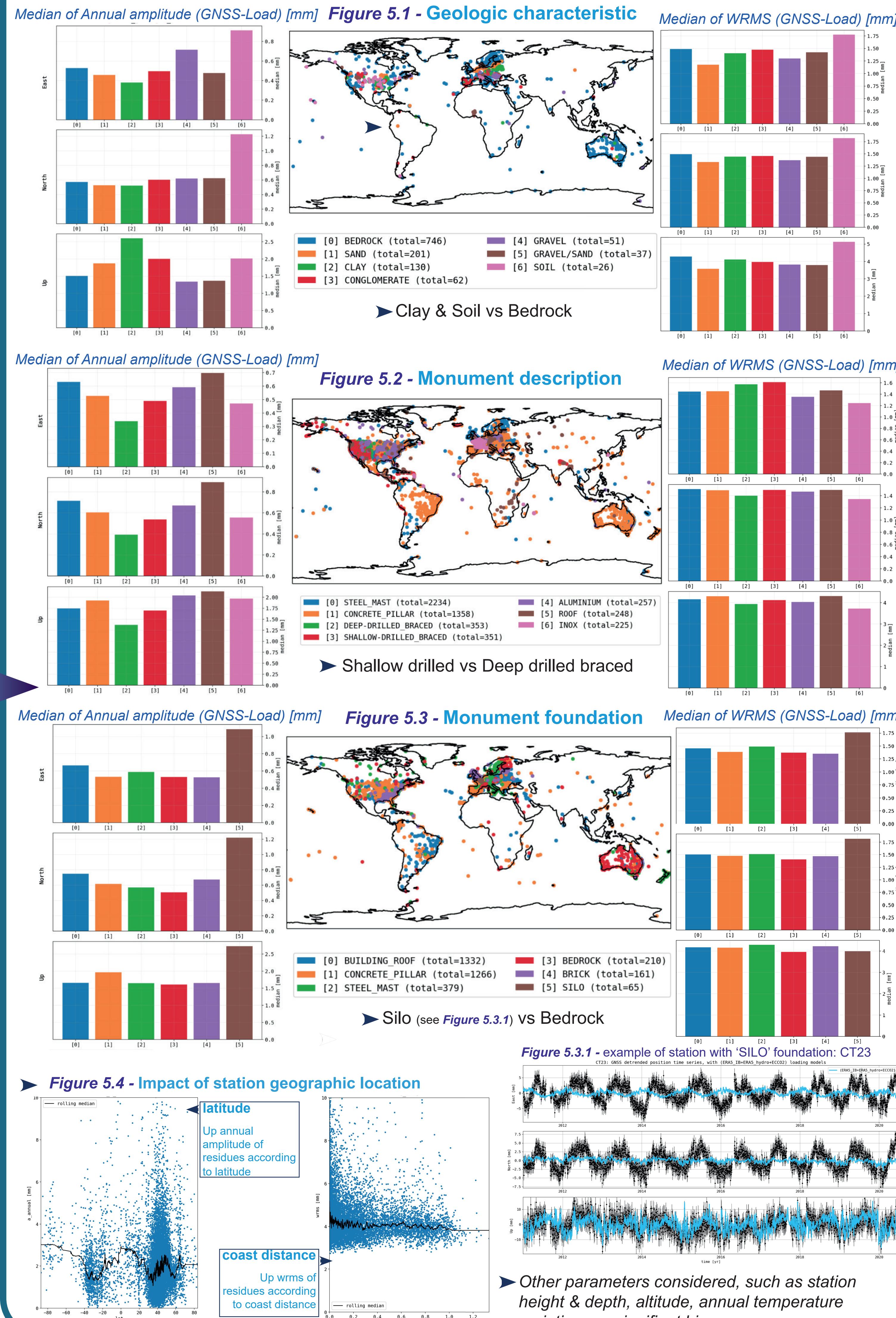
- centralize access to loading models database
- visualize and compare loading models, include a wide range of options
- compute deformation time series at any point on the Earth's surface

5 - Influence of station-specific characteristics on loading correction performances

Focus on NGL solutions (~11.000 stations), residual time series (GNSS - loading model). Global loading model corrections (see 4: ERA5_IB+ERA5_hydro+ECCO2)

► Investigated influence of station monument parameters, extracted from sitelogs:

- 'geologic characteristic'
- 'monument description'
- 'monument foundation'



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