### **Review of the IGS Contribution to the ITRF**

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#### **Key Points of the IGS Contribution to the ITRF**

- 1. Inter-Technique link : reinforcing the ITRF definition (origin, scale & orientation)
- 2. Determination of Post-Seismic Deformation Models
- 3. ITRF2014 Plate Motion Model
- 4. Polar Motion
- 5. ITRF Access & densification through the IGS Products

**Illustrations from ITRF2014 results** 



# ITRF2014: Input data

Service/Technique	Number of Solutions	Time span	# of sites
IGS/GNSS/GPS	7714 daily	<b>1994.0 – 2015.1</b> (21 yrs)	884
IVS/VLBI	5328 daily	1980.0 – 2015.0 (35 yrs)	124
ILRS/SLR	244 fortnightly 1147 weekly	1980.0 – 1993.0 1993.0 – 2015.0 (35 yrs)	96
IDS/DORIS	1140 weekly	1993.0 – 2015.0 (22 yrs)	71



### **ITRF2014: GNSS**



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## **ITRF2014 colocation sites**

- SLR-VLBI : 11
- SLR-DORIS: 11
- VLBI-DORIS: 12

# # of local ties vectors between GNSS &:

- DORIS: 103
- SLR : 56
- VLBI: 62
- Total: 221





#### 1. Inter-Technique link : reinforcing the ITRF definition (orientation)

**127** of stations used in the alignment of ITRF2014 to ITRF2008 in Orientation

- GNSS: 93
- VLBI: 24
- SLR: 8
- **DORIS:** 2



#### From ITRF2014 to ITRF2008

Solution	Тх	Ту	Tz	Scale	Rx	Ry	Rz
	mm	mm	mm	ppb	mas	mas	mas
Offset	1.6	1.9	1.4	-0.02	0.000	0.000	0.000
±	±0.2	<b>±0.1</b>	<b>±0.1</b>	<b>±0.02</b>	±0.006	<b>±0.006</b>	±0.006
Rate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.02	0.000	0.000	0.000
±	±0.2	<b>±0.1</b>	<b>±0.1</b>	±0.02	±0.006	±0.006	±0.006

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1. Inter-Technique link : reinforcing the ITRF definition (Frame uncertainties)

**Example:** 

#### **Compare VLBI frame uncertainties within**

#### SLR+VLBI\_only combination: 16 LT vectors versus ITRF2014 combination: 221 LT vectors

#### Uncertainties (formal errors) of the frame parameters

Solution	Tx mm	Ty mm	Tz mm	Scale ppb	Rx mas	Ry mas	Rz mas
SLR+VLBI	±1.4	±1.2	±1.5	±0.20	±0.050	±0.067	±0.050
ITRF2014	±0.6	±0.6	±0.7	±0.10	±0.007	±0.007	±0.015

# 1. Inter-Technique link : reinforcing the ITRF definition (scale)

#### **VLBI vs SLR Scale Offset**

Solution	Scale at 2010.0 ppb	Comments
VLBI & SLR co- locations, No GNSS	$1.02 \pm 0.20$	11 sites (good distribution): 16 LT vectors, properly weighted
Rate	$0.02 \pm 0.02$	
ITRF2014	$1.37 \pm 0.10$	All Tie SNX files properly weighted
Rate	$0.02 \pm 0.02$	



### **Modelling nonlinear station motions: Motivations**



Green circles: ITRF2014 sites (117)

• More than 100 sites are subject to Post-Seismic Deformation due to major earthquakes



Precisely modeling the above leads to more robust secular frame and site velocities.



### **2. Post-Seismic Deformations**



# **Post-Seismic Deformations**

- Fitting parametric models using GNSS/GPS data
  - at major GNSS/GPS Earthquake sites
  - Apply these models to the 3 other techniques at Co-location EQ sites
- Parametric models:
  - Logarithmic
  - Exponential
  - Log + Exp
  - Two Exp





# **Tsukuba Trajectory**

#### GNSS

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### **3. ITRF2014 Plate Motion Model**



### **ITRF2014: Horizontal velocity field**





### **Retained sites (all IGS sites) after selection**



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### **Selection of the final model : Residuals**





### 4. ITRF2014 Polar Motion: Residuals





#### **5. ITRF access & densification through the IGS Products**

#### **Some Facts**

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- GNSS Exponential Data Explosion
  - Local, National & Reginal GNSS networks
- Using IGS Products provides Universal access to and densification of the ITRF



# 13,400 stations processed by NGL (Blewitt et al., 2015)



#### ITRF2014:

- 884 GNSS Sites
- Facilitates the alignment of the GNSSbased frames to the ITRF

More than 80% of National RFs are aligned to the ITRF (source: UN-GGIM GGRF questionnaire)

# Conclusion

#### The fundamental contribution of the IGS to:

- 1. Reinforcing the ITRF frame definition (origin, scale & orientation)
- 2. ITRF2014 Post-Seismic Deformation Models
- 3. ITRF2014 Plate Motion Model
- 4. ITRF Polar Motion
- 5. ITRF Access & densification through the IGS Products

