

Impact of GPS box-wing models on LEO orbit determination

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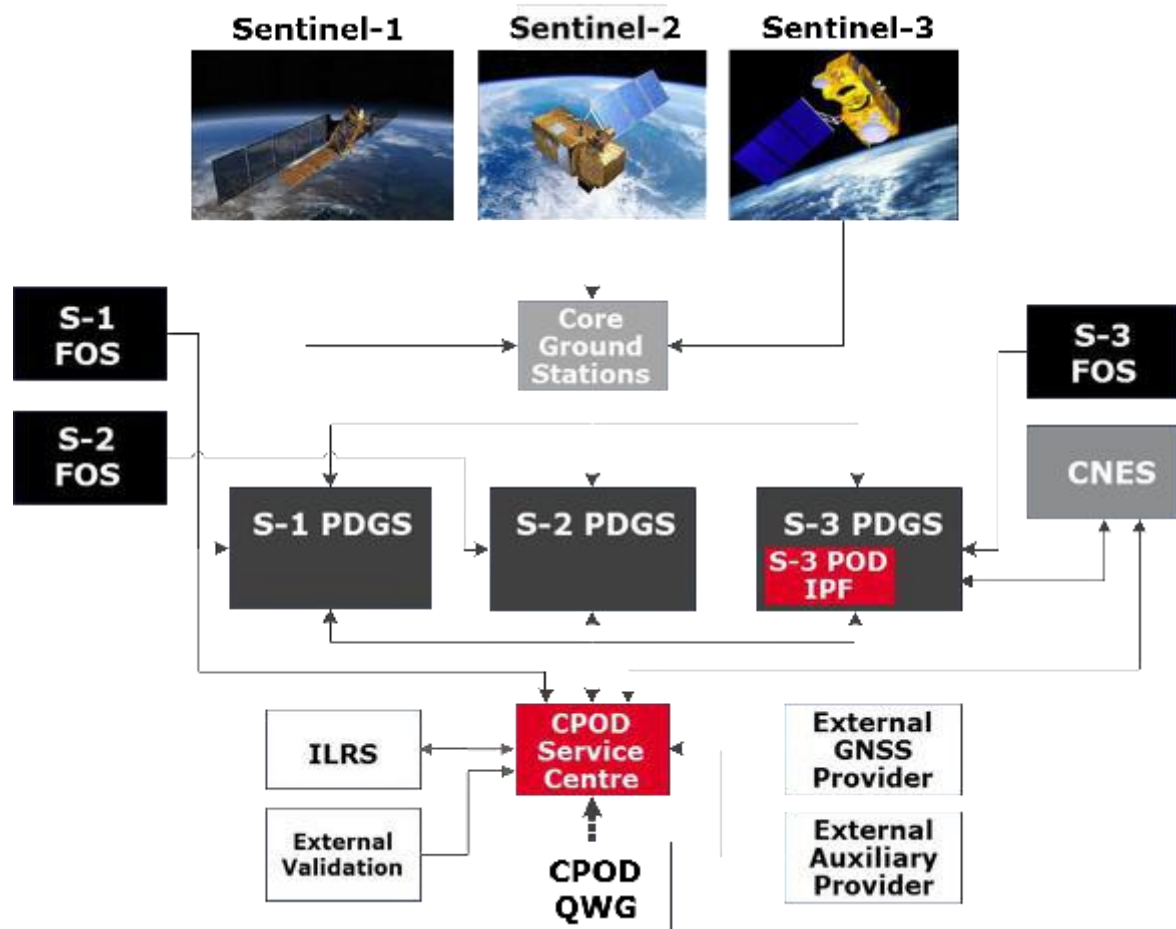


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Motivation

- Copernicus Sentinel POD does for some products rely on IGS products
 - Changes in the IGS products will require reprocessing
 - Can not wait for IGS so do our own reprocessing
 - Our reprocessing results may be a contribution to the IGS reprocessing
- Need for the GPS orbit and clock reprocessing:
 - ITRF2008 => ITRF2014 switch and related IGS Antex change
 - 24h restriction of IGS products
- GPS orbit and clock reprocessing investigations have been started
 - To validate implementation of ITRF2014 and PSD, and usage of IGS14.atx
 - Study use of a solution interval of 36 h (24h + 6h on each end)
 - Orbit modelling of GPS satellites not yet optimized
 - Tune/validate box-wing model for GPS-IIF satellites
- One issue is that the Sentinel PCV maps are based on the ITRF08 and IGS08.atx
 - Significant changes in IGS14.atx compared to IGS08.atx for GPS satellites




Copernicus POD Overview



- **Copernicus POD Service:** Operational service to provide **accurate orbit and attitude products** for the **Sentinel-missions**
- Software core: **NAPEOS** (Navigation Package for Earth Orbiting Satellites)
- GPS-based orbit determination for the satellites

=> Poster: PS07-04 **The Copernicus POD Service** by Fernández et al.

Sentinel missions – satellites description

| | SENTINEL MISSIONS | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|
| | Sentinel-1 | Sentinel-2 | Sentinel-3 |
| Altitude | 639 km | 786 km | 814.5 km |
| Inclination | 98.18 deg. | 98.58 deg. | 98.65 deg. |
| Period | 98.6 minutes | 100.6 minutes | 100.99 minutes |
| Cycle | 12 days | 10 days | 27 days |
| Mass | 2300 kg | 1140 kg | 1250 kg |
| GPS | 2 GPS receivers | 2 GPS receivers | 2 GPS receivers |
| LRR | None | None | 1 LRR |
| DORIS | None | None | 1 DORIS |
| Attitude | Zero-Doppler + roll steering | Yaw steering | Yaw steering |
| Instruments | C-Band SAR | Multi-Spectral Instrument | Radar Altimeter, OLCI, Microwave Radiometer |
| Launch date | 3 rd April, 2014 (S1A) 22 nd April, 2016 (S1B) | 23 rd June, 2015 (S2A) 7 th March, 2017 (S2B) | 16 th February, 2016 (S3A) Expected spring 2018 (S3B) |
| Picture |  |  |  |

Sentinel Requirements

| Mission | Category | Orbit Accuracy (RMS) | Latency | Coverage |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| S-1 | NRT | 10 cm (2D) | 180 min | 2 orbits |
| | NTC | 5 cm (3D) | 20 days | 26 h |
| S-2 | NRT (pred.) | 3 m (2D) | 90 min before ANX | 2 orbits |
| | NRT | 1 m (3D) | 30 min | Received PVT span + 2 orbits backwards |
| S-3 | NRT | 10 cm radial (target of 8 cm) | 30 min | Received PVT span + 5 OSV before and after |
| | STC | 4 cm radial (target of 3 cm) | 1.5 days | 26 h |
| | NTC | 3 cm radial (target of 2 cm) | 25 days | 26 h |

- **The non time-critical (NTC) orbit products make use of the IGS Final orbit and 30 sec clock products**

- Due to a coverage > 24h, three consecutive days of the IGS Finals have to be concatenated
 - Orbit and clock discontinuities at midnight
- Switch to ITRF2014 on 29 Jan 2017 => inconsistent time series => Reprocessing necessary

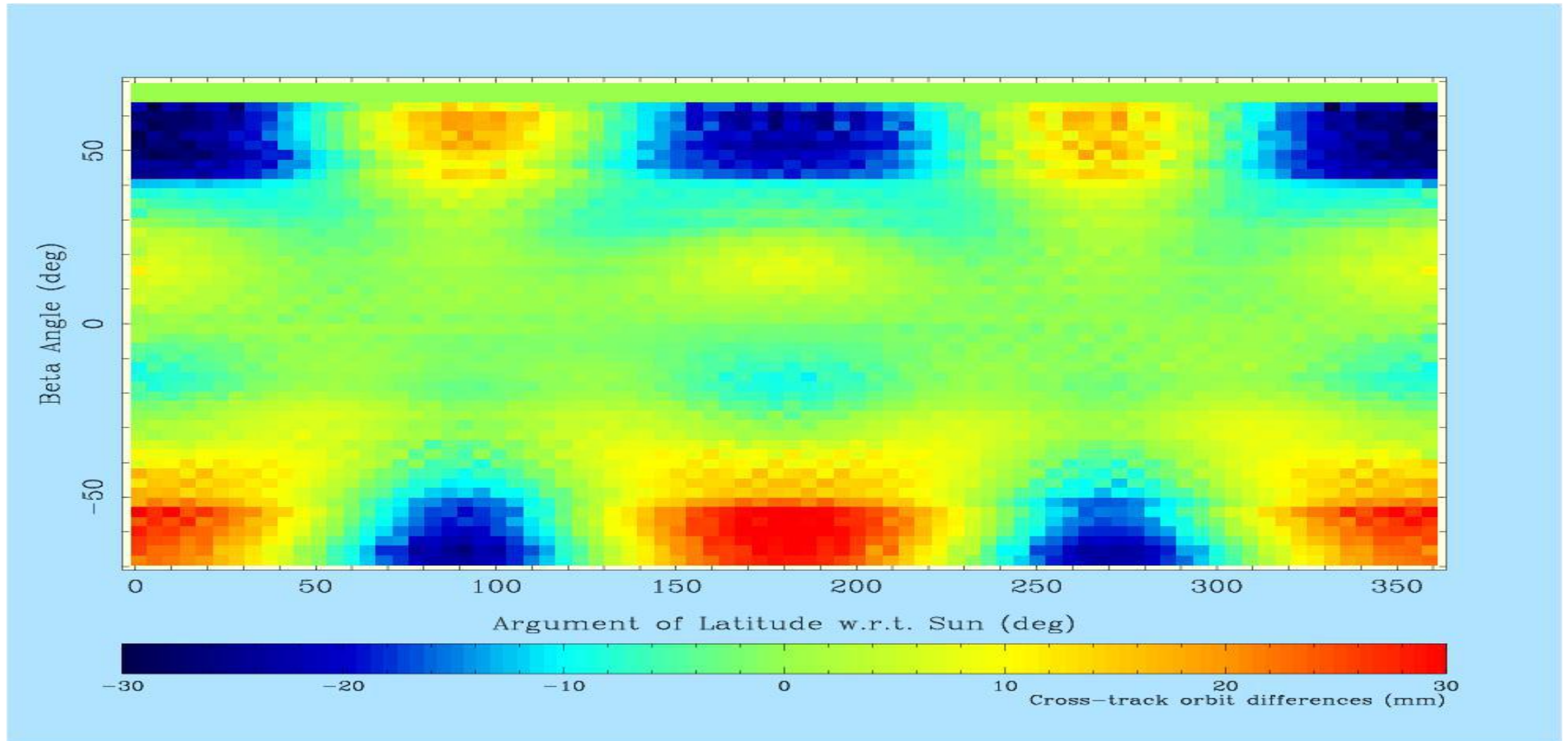
GPS Reprocessing Investigations

- Generated 4 different solutions using first 130 days of 2017
 - sol1: no a priori model
 - sol5: IGS box-wing model
 - sol4: Tuned box-wing model for the GPS-IIF satellites, IGS values for GPS-IIR
 - sol3: Tuned box-wing model with reradiation
 - Based on GPS orbit overlap statistics sol4 “the best”
- Differences between the solutions only at the 10-20 mm level sigma, largest in radial component
 - Relative differences (sol1 vs sol5, sol5 vs sol4, sol4 vs sol3):

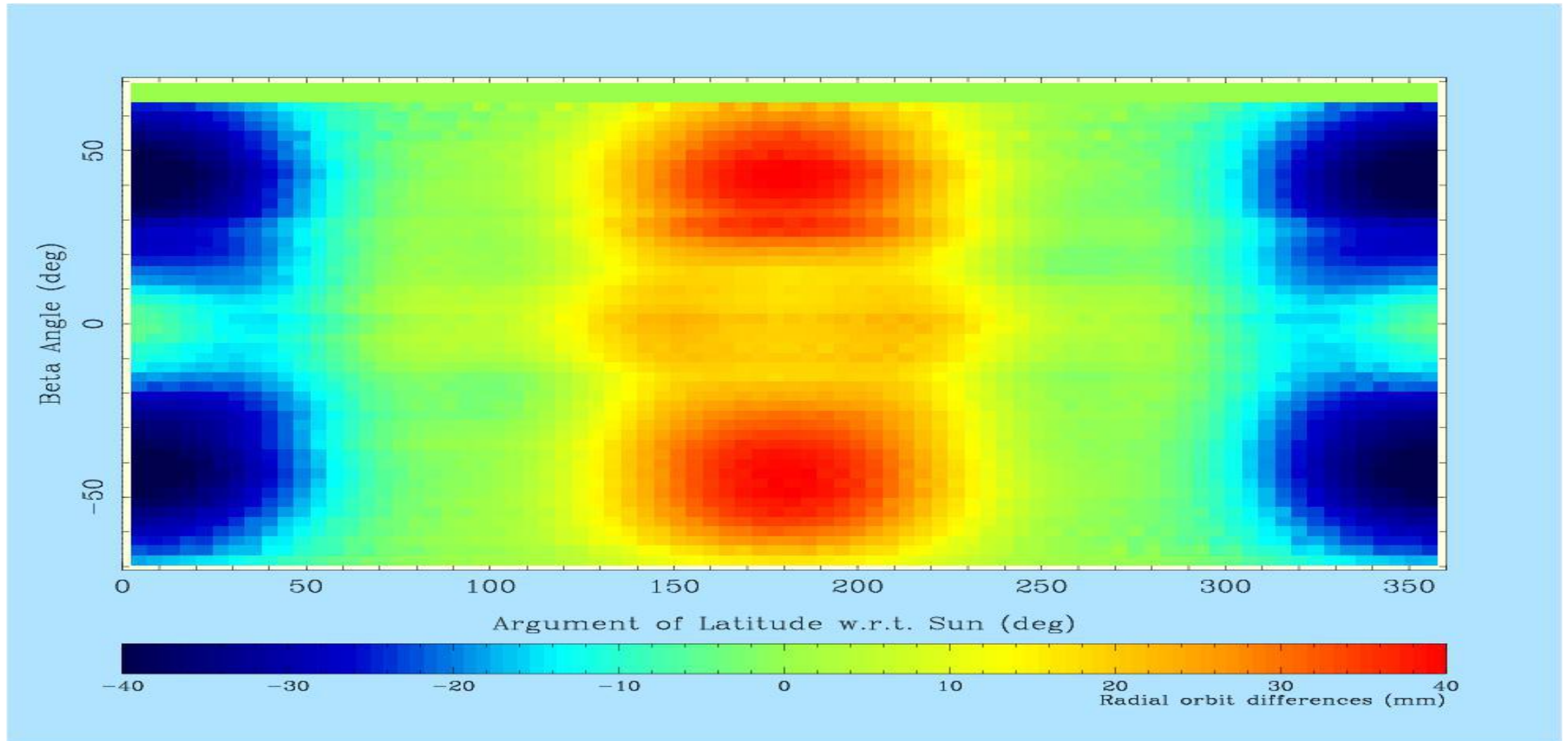
| | IGS BW | Tuned | Rerad |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Radial | 19 | 12 | 9 |
| Along | 10 | 4 | 4 |
| Cross | 11 | 6 | 4 |

- But very systematic (see plots on next slides) and significant mean in cross-track

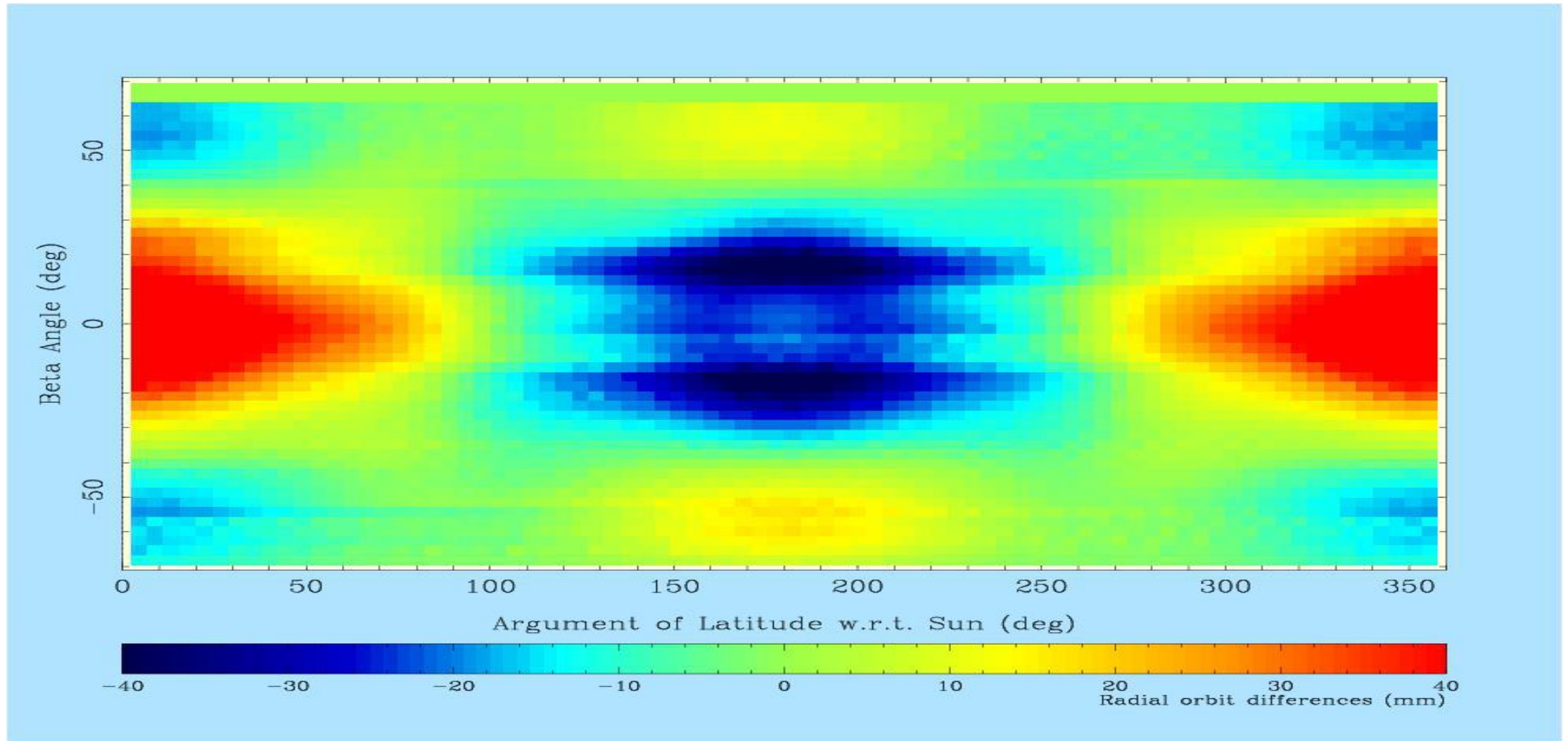
Cross-track Orbit Differences



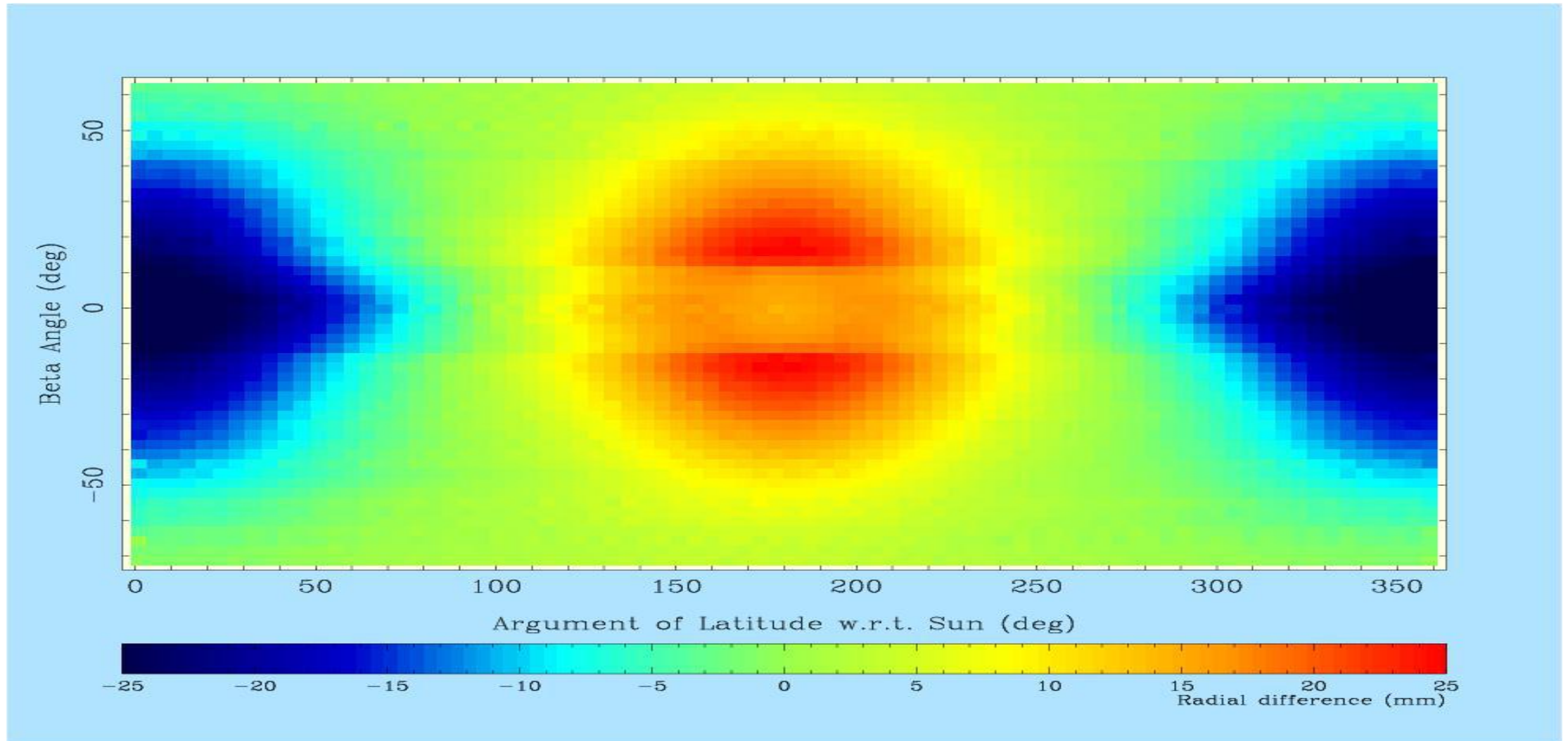
Radial Orbit Differences (IIR sats only)



Radial Orbit Differences (IIF sats only)



Tuned Radial Orbit Differences (IIF only)



Resulting LEO Orbit Differences

- Differences between the solutions only at the few mm level RMS, largest in cross-track component

- Solution 1 vs 5 – 5 vs 4 – 4 vs 3

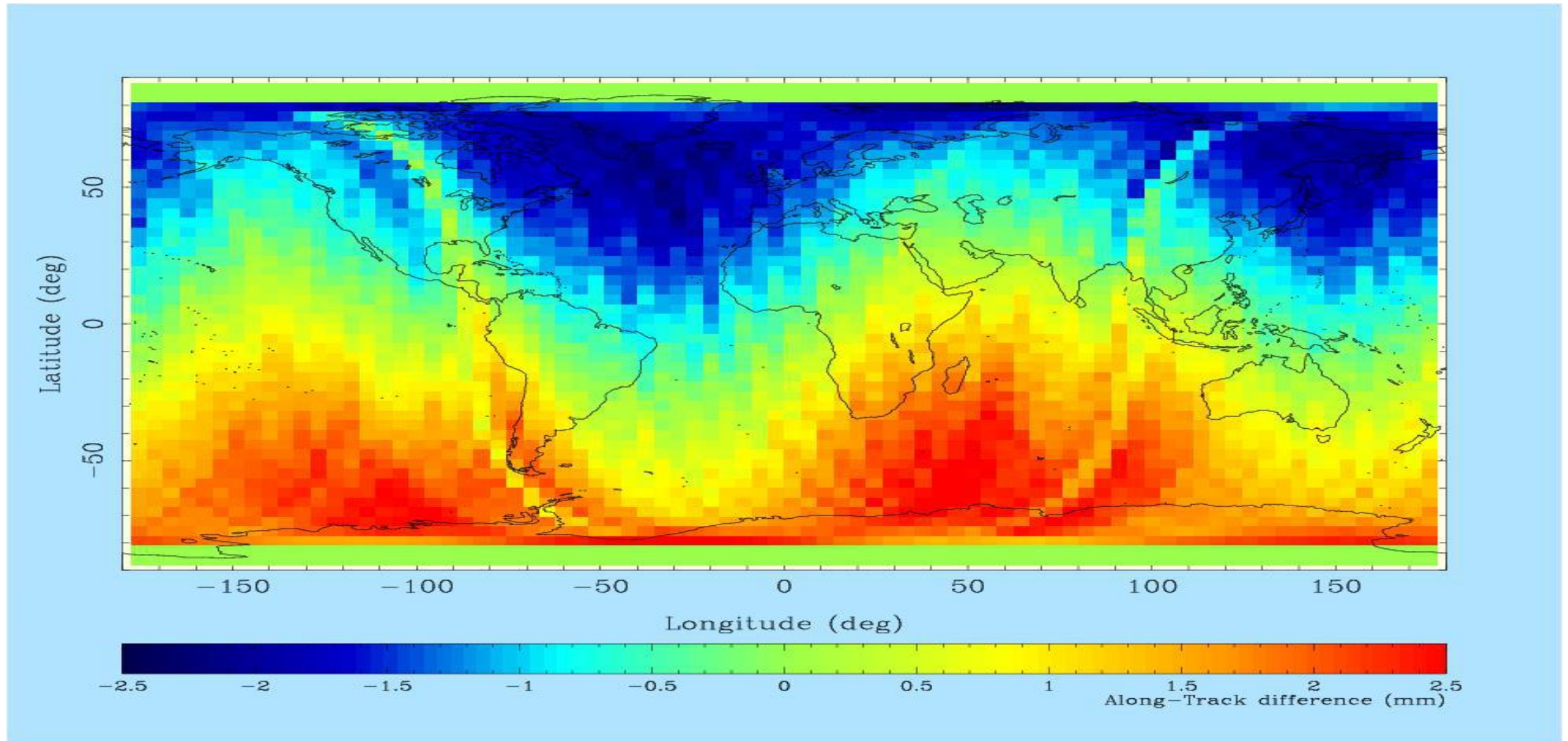
| | IGS BW | Tuned | Rerad |
|--------|----------|----------|-------|
| Radial | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0 |
| Along | 2.6 | 1.1 | 0 |
| Cross | 3.1 / -7 | 1.1 / -2 | 0 |

- Cross-track non-zero mean: -7 – -2
- Small differences but very systematic (see plots on next slides)
- Solution 1 vs 5: Effect of box-wing
 - Radial noise only
 - Cross-track clear signal with non-zero mean
 - Along-track and Earth-Fixed Z Interesting patterns as function of longitude and latitude
 - See following plots

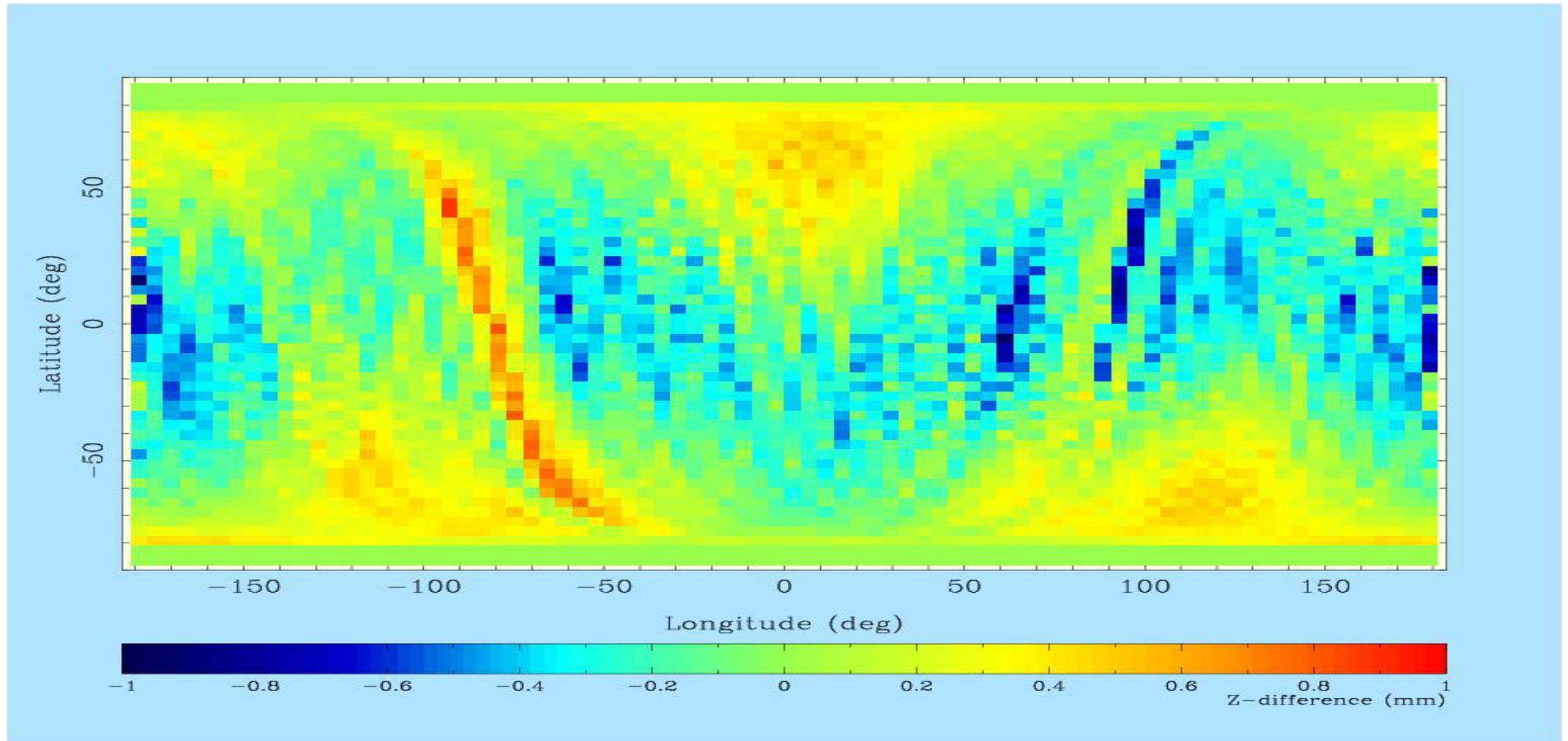
Cross-track Orbit Differences



Along-track Orbit Differences



Earth-Fixed Z-direction orbit differences



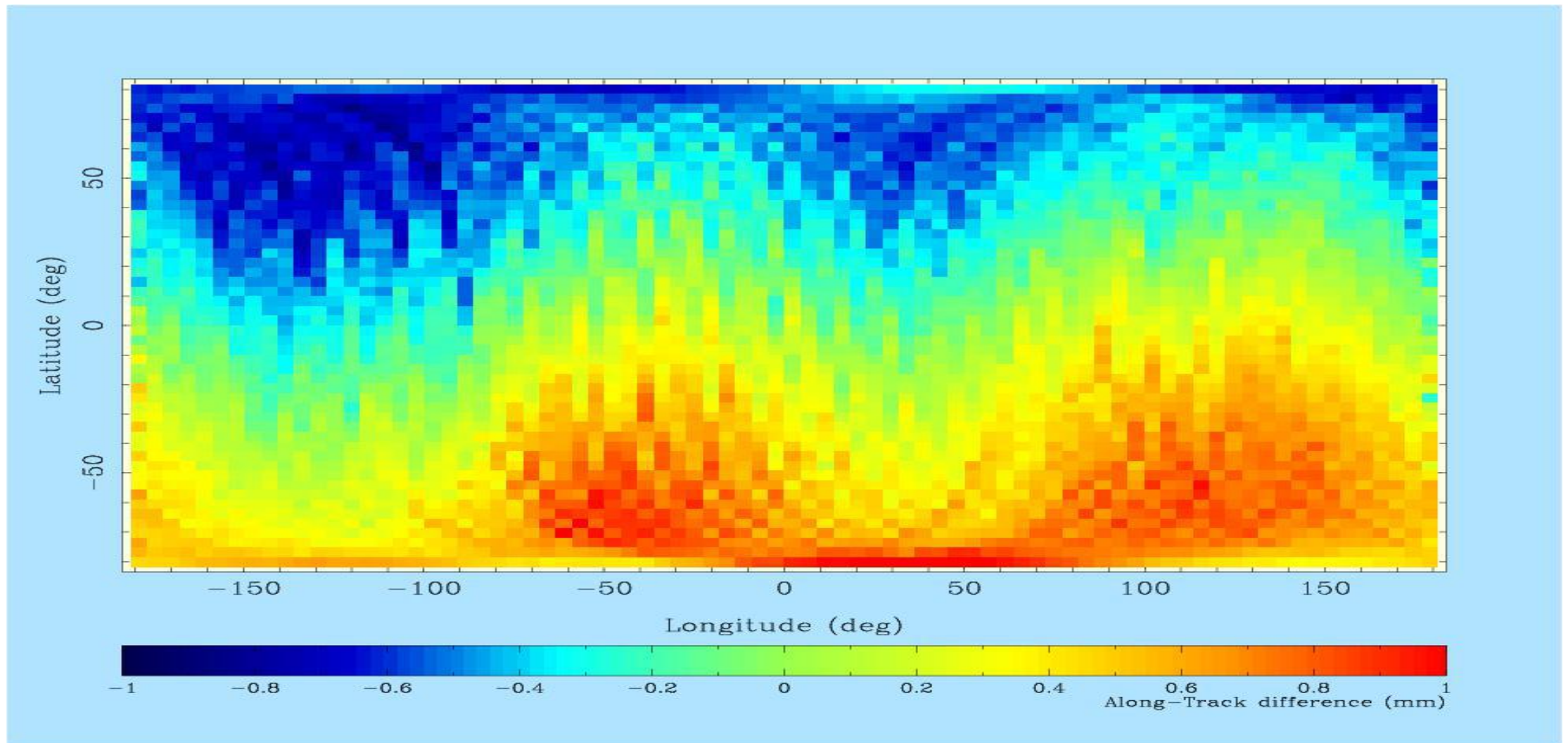
Resulting Orbit Differences

- Solution 5 vs 4: Effect of tuning IIF satellite box-wing
 - Radial noise only
 - Cross-track clear signal with non-zero mean
 - Along-track interesting patterns as function of longitude and latitude
 - See following plots

Cross-track Orbit Differences



Along-track Orbit Differences



Conclusions

- Sentinel mission depends on IGS final products
 - But in return is able to contribute to IGS reprocessing efforts!
- Significant modeling issues persist in the IGS GPS orbit products
 - These have systematic influences on the LEO solutions
 - This may have an impact on the scientific results obtained with these LEO satellites
 - More and better information regarding the satellites needed!
- Day boundary effect of IGS 24 hour solutions
 - Not really noticeable
 - Nevertheless Sentinel reprocessing considers to deliver 36h solutions

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