



Differential Code Bias Estimation for New Signals and Constellations

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Motivation

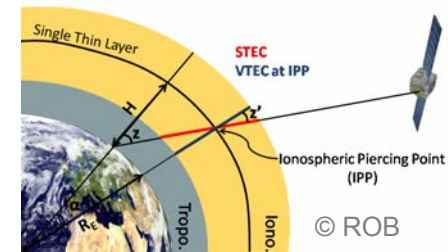
- Differential Code Biases (DCBs) are required for
 - Code-based positioning
 - Ambiguity resolution using code observations
- Current DCB products (CODE) limited to GPS/GLONASS legacy signals
- New signal biases introduced by additional signals and tracking modes
- Broadcast TGD/BGD and ISC parameters do not include all possible tracking modes

- IGS needs to provide new multi-GNSS/multi-signal DCB product
- Multi-GNSS/multi-signal DCBs not presently supported in ionosphere+DCB processing
- Alternative, simplified method uses Global Ionosphere Maps for DCB estimation



DCB Determination using Global Ionosphere Maps

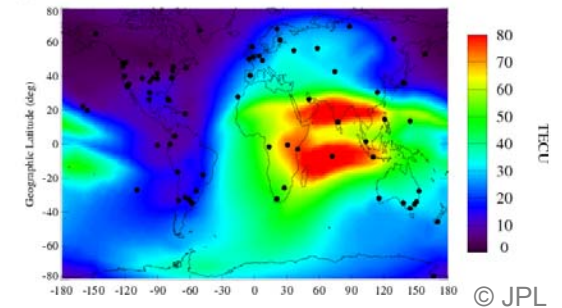
- DCB from ionosphere-corrected pseudorange difference
- Use of „known“ ionosphere based on global ionosphere maps
 - IGS IONEX product
 - Single-layer model
 - Limited accuracy



$$\underbrace{P_{S_1} - P_{S_2}}_{\text{Measured}} = \underbrace{(I_{S_1} - I_{S_2})}_{\text{Modelled}} + \underbrace{(B_{S_1} - B_{S_2})}_{\text{Averaged/ignored}} + \underbrace{(M_{S_1} - M_{S_2})}_{\text{Averaged/ignored}} + \underbrace{(\epsilon_{S_1} - \epsilon_{S_2})}_{\text{Averaged/ignored}}$$

$$\approx 40.3 \cdot \text{STEC} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{f_{S_1}^2} - \frac{1}{f_{S_2}^2} \right) + \text{DCB}_{S_1-S_2}^{\text{sat+rcv}}$$

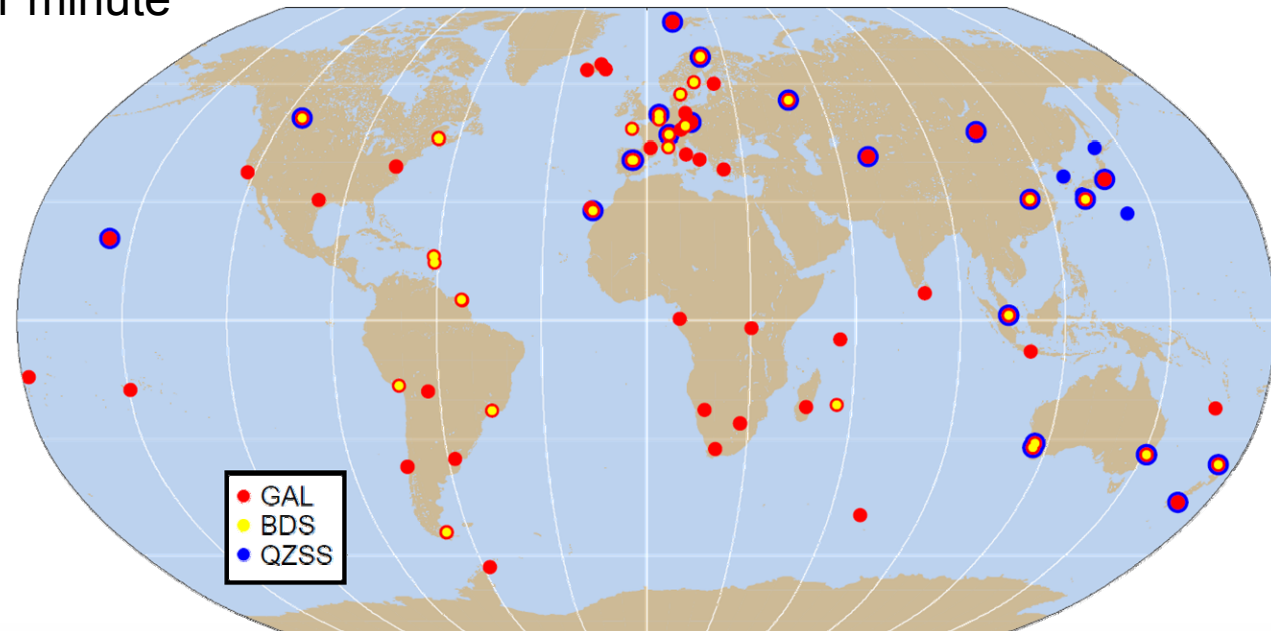
Measured
Modelled
Estimated





Network and Receivers

- MGEX Network (~80 stations) tracking GPS, GLO, GAL, (QZSS), BDS
- Challenge with modernized signals (GPS L2C+L5, Galileo E1+E5a):
 - Different receivers use different tracking modes
 - Example: GPS L5 pilot-only tracking or combined pilot+data tracking
- Period Jan. 1, 2013 – Mar 31, 2014
- Sampling period 1 minute





Processing Scheme

- Select signal pair (S_1, S_2)
- Determine satellite+receiver $DCB^{\text{sat+rcv}}$ from daily mean of ionosphere-corrected code difference
- Determine individual DCBs for each satellite and station from combined DCBs for all sites and satellites
 - assuming $DCB^{\text{sat+rcv}} = DCB^{\text{sat}} + DCB^{\text{rcv}}$
 - applying a zero-constellation-mean constraint

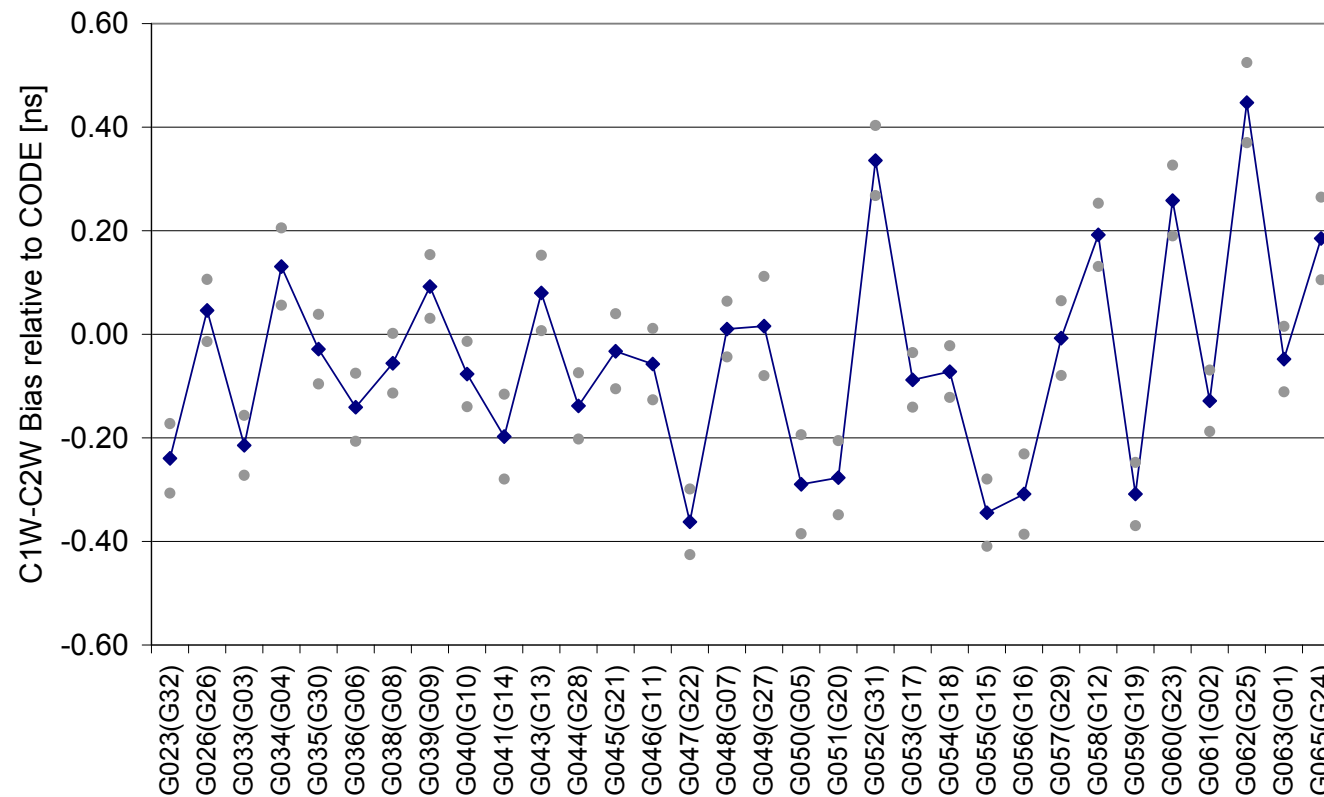
Notes:

- Set of contributing stations depends on selected signals
- Prototype implementation (IONDCB) enables processing of „all“ constellations and dual-signal combinations but no combined adjustment of >2 signals (such as C1C, C1W, C2W)



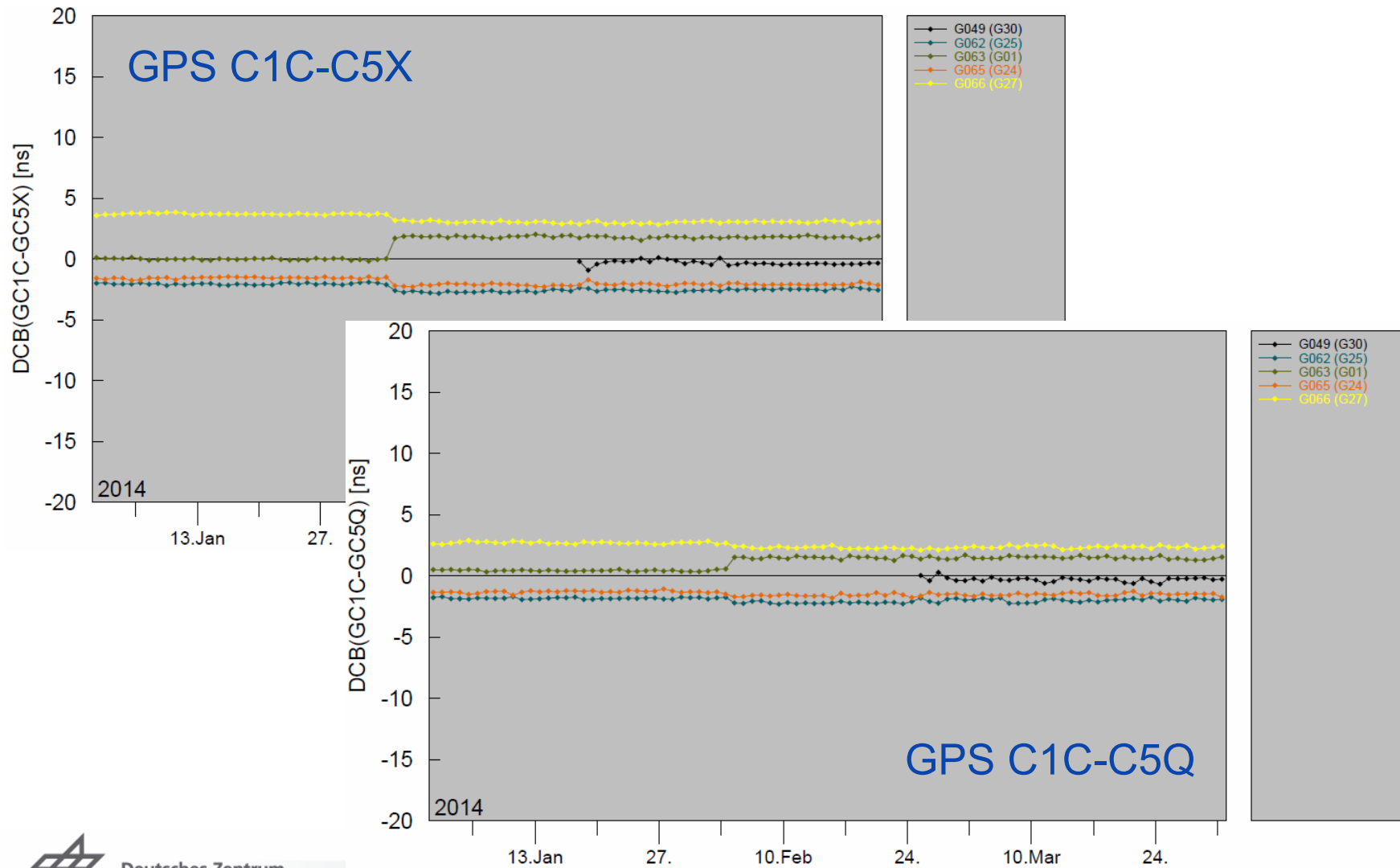
DCB-Results: GPS L1-L2 P(Y) legacy DCB

- L1-L2 P(Y) (C1W-C2W) DCBs compared to monthly CODE product for 01/2013
- Standard deviation of differences over entire constellation: 0.20 ns





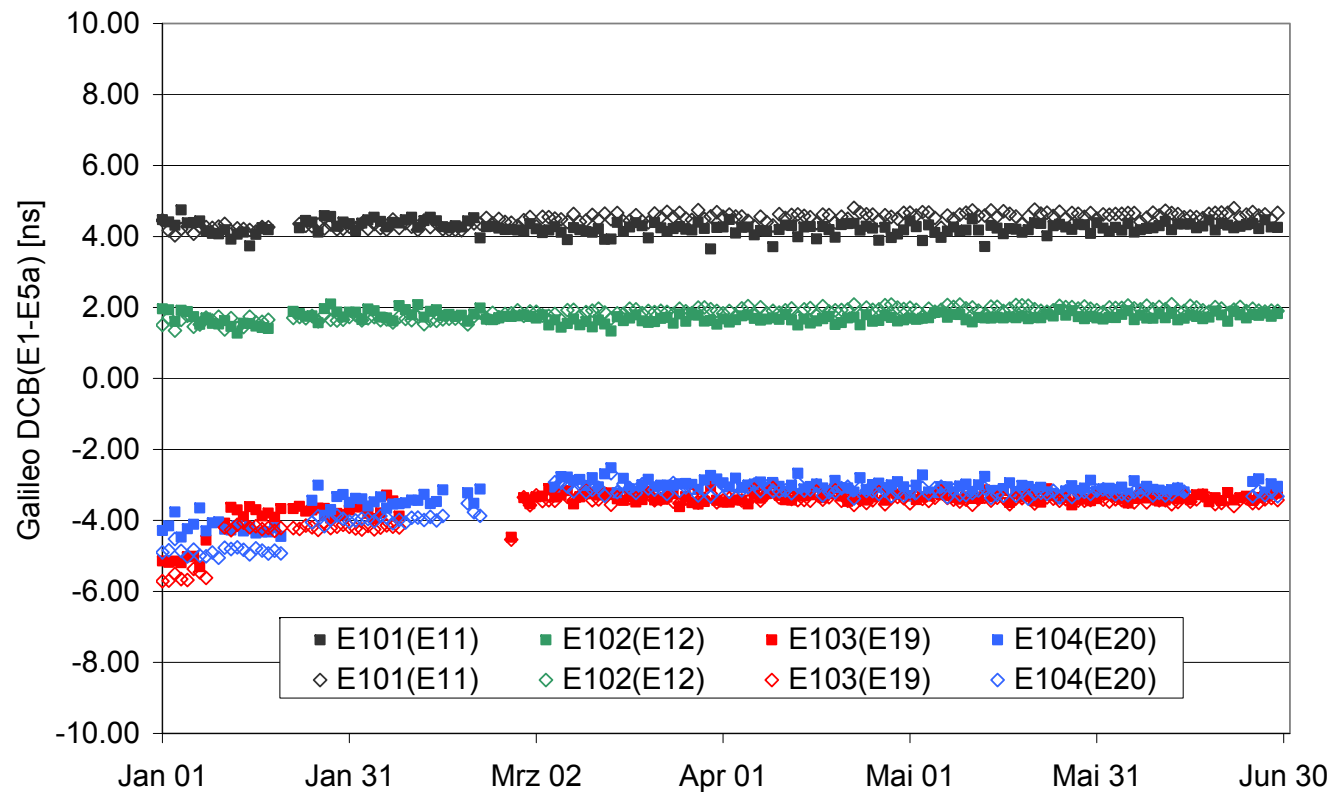
DCB-Results: Pilot vs. Pilot+Data Tracking GPS L5





DCB-Results: Galileo

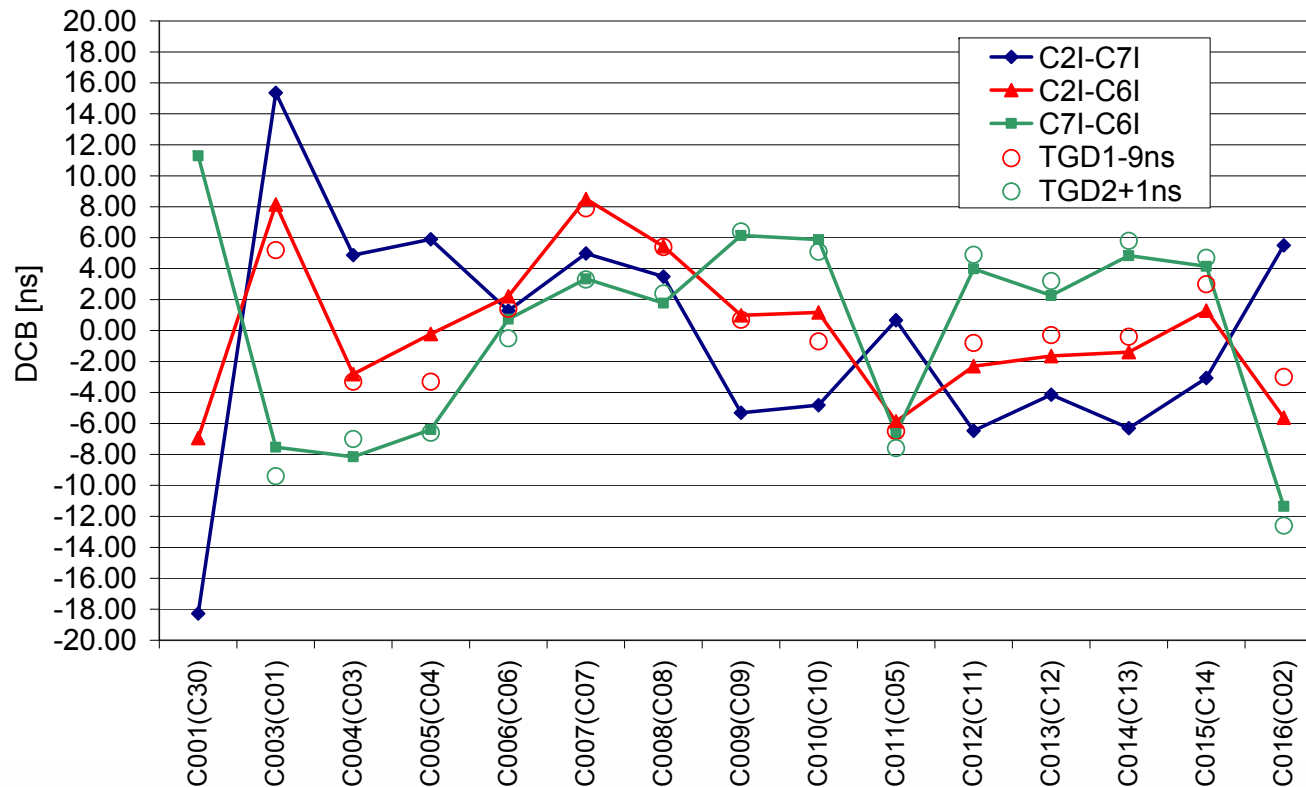
- Galileo E1-E5a DCBs (squares: pilot tracking, diamonds: data+pilot tracking)
- DCB variation observed for newly launched satellites E19 and E20





DCB-Results: BeiDou

- DCBs for combinations of signals on bands B1 (C2I), B2 (C7I) and B3 (C6I)
- Monthly DCB solution and broadcast values for January 2013
- Consistency limited to 2ns





IGS MGEX DCB Product

- Available at
<ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/pub/gps/products/mgex/dcb>
- Supported constellations and signals
 - GPS (C1C, C1W, C2W, C2X/L/S, C5Q/X)
 - GLO (C1C, C1P, C2C, C2P)
 - GAL (C1C/X, C5Q/X, C7Q/X, C8Q/X)
 - BDS (C2I, C7I, C6I)
- Prototype Bias SINEX format
- Two products
 - [MGEXyyyy.bsx](#) Satellite-only biases (weekly averages)
 - [MGEXyyyy_all.bsx](#) Satellite and station biases (daily values)

Bias SINEX DCB Format Example

```

%=BIA 0.01 IGS 14:110:29859 IGS 14:001:00000 00:000:00000 P 00000 0
*-----
* Solution INdependent EXchange Format (SINEX)
*-----
*-----
+BIAS/SOLUTION
*BIAS SVN_ PRN SITE DOMES_____ OBS1 OBS2 BIAS_START_ BIAS_END_____ UNIT _ESTIMATED_VALUE_____ _STD_DEV_____
...
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:001:00000 14:005:00000 ns                4.2518            0.0496
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:005:00000 14:012:00000 ns                4.2838            0.0845
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:012:00000 14:019:00000 ns                4.2881            0.0725
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:019:00000 14:026:00000 ns                4.2985            0.1644
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:026:00000 14:033:00000 ns                4.3621            0.1399
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:033:00000 14:040:00000 ns                4.2716            0.1454
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:040:00000 14:047:00000 ns                3.9937            0.0000
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:047:00000 14:054:00000 ns                4.4921            0.1809
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:054:00000 14:061:00000 ns                4.0552            0.5291
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:061:00000 14:068:00000 ns                4.2821            0.2117
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:068:00000 14:075:00000 ns                4.1911            0.1618
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:075:00000 14:082:00000 ns                4.1363            0.1770
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:082:00000 14:089:00000 ns                4.1988            0.1490
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C5Q  14:089:00000 00:000:00000 ns                4.2597            0.0780
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C7Q  14:001:00000 14:005:00000 ns                4.5851            0.0738
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C7Q  14:005:00000 14:012:00000 ns                4.6154            0.1071
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C7Q  14:012:00000 14:019:00000 ns                4.5895            0.0769
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C7Q  14:019:00000 14:026:00000 ns                4.6393            0.1322
DCB E101 E11                C1C  C7Q  14:026:00000 14:033:00000 ns                4.6416            0.1322
...
-BIAS/SOLUTION
*-----
%=ENDBIA

```



DCB Product – Problems

- Improper compensation of ionospheric delays using GIMs
- Independence of DCBs for pilot-only vs. pilot+data tracking (no common receivers)
- Lack of observations for analysis of pilot-minus-data DCBs
- Lacking self-consistency,
i.e. $DCB(a-b) + DCB(b-c) \neq DCB(a-c)$
 - Receiver dependence of satellite biases
 - Impact of multipath
- BIAS SINEX is no standard (just prototype v0.01)



Summary and Conclusions

- Simplified DCB estimation process based on differenced code observations
- Ionospheric delay eliminated using slant TEC from global ionospheric-map
 - Simpler algorithm than combined ionosphere and bias estimation
 - Potentially less accurate
- Allows computation of DCBs for modernized signals and new constellations
- Good agreement of legacy L1-L2-P(Y) bias with CODE DCBs ($\sigma=0.2\text{ns}$)
- Different biases are estimated for different tracking modes
 - Potentially station-dependent effects
 - Dependence on tracking mode / signal type still to be assessed
- Comparison of DCBs with corresponding parameters of broadcast data
 - Good agreement for GPS and Galileo ($<0.2\text{ ns}$)
 - Larger differences (0-12 ns) for BeiDou (further assessment required)