The IGS: an IAG service that delivers

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International Association of Geodesy A Constituent Association of the IUGG





Geometry

IAG Services

IERS:	International Earth Rotation and Reference Systems Service (ILS in 1899, BIH in 1912, IPMS in 1962, IERS in 1987)
IGS:	International GNSS Service (1994)
IVS:	International VLBI Service (1999)
ILRS:	International Laser Ranging Service (1998)
IDS:	International DORIS Service (2003)
IGFS:	International Gravity Field Service (2004)
BGI:	Bureau Gravimetrique International (1951)
IGeS:	International Geoid Service (1992)
ICET:	International Centre for Earth Tides (1956)
ICGEM:	International Centre for Global Earth Models (2003)
IDEMS:	International Digital Elevation Models Service (1999)
PSMSL:	Permanent Service for Mean Sea Level (1933)
IAS:	International Altimetry Service (2008)
BIPM:	Bureau International des Poids et Mesures (Time 1875)
IBS:	IAG Bibliographic Service (1889)



Global Geodetic Observing System

- GNSS(technology)) and GNSS(technology)) and tos(service) are critical vision GS(service) are GGOS vision GS(service) are GGOS vision delivering on the Grad





But the IGS infrastructure & its products do much *more...*

IGS underpins society's requirements for a high quality, accessible geospatial framework, & a high accuracy GNSS-PNT capability....

This *versatility* gives the IGS a "special role", even beyond its IAG responsibilities, but nevertheless poses significant challenges.

IGS's Key Strategies





- Deliver world-standard quality GNSS data and products to all users globally with leading-edge expertise and resources.
- Develop, integrate, and participate with new and changing GNSS systems, and understand user needs to continuously improve the IGS to provide value to a broad range of users.
- Continuously improve the effectiveness of the IGS governance and management to support growth of the service.

http://igscb.jpl.nasa.gov/overview/pubs.html





Products... highly professional, operational service with performance far better than any other GPS service provider... trail-blazer for other IAG services.

Democratisation... of geodetic technologies & knowhow... involving organisations & agencies from many countries.

Dense global coverage... engaging with station operators around the world, promoting IAG ideals.

Adaptability... ability to extend & maintain tracking network... experiment & develop new products... with inbuilt "self-improvement" mechanism.

Engagement... scientific & professional organisations... respected "brand" with unrivalled GNSS expertise... encouraging an open & inclusive "culture" across the geodetic community.



1. IGS & tracking networks...



- Network densification
- Project-specific support
- Application of IGS products
- Access to ITRF
- Inculcate IGS " open data polic
- "Nursery" for new IGS participants
- Cooperate with IAG Comm1
- IGS link to operational geodesy & precise positioning apps

- Outreach & technology transfer
- Encourage adoption of IGS standards, models...
 - with national geodetic
- Engagement with sister professional & scientific associations
- Support less developed countries
- Investment from which new IGS products & roles evolve

IGS Tracking Network





GM7 2012 Apr 29 16:45:47

nttp://igs.org

IGS GPS+GLONASS Network





(SMD) 2012 May 05 16:47:07

http://igs.org

IGS Real-time Tracking Network



GMD 2011 Oct 14 17:42:15

http://www.rtigs.net

☆

IGS

IGS M-GEX Network





- ★ GPS/GLONASS
- GPS/GLONASS + QZSS
- GPS/GLONASS + GIOVE/Galileo

- GPS/GLONASS + GIOVE/Galileo + Compass/Beidou
- ▼ GPS/GLONASS + GIOVE/Galileo + Compass/Beidou + QZSS
- ▲ GPS/GLONASS + GIOVE/Galileo + QZSS ▲ + SBAS



2. IGS & multi-GNSS...



- New GNSS experimentation
- Inculcate IGS "culture" of open data policies, etc.
- "Nursery" for new IGS A
- Doesn't impact or production of core
- Ensures IGS is recog as "GNSS experts"
- Collaborate with other IAG Components
- Extend IGS expertise

- Develop new products
- Encourage adoption of IGS standards, models...
 - Engagement with UN-ICG
 - courage IGS "best
 - ncourage adoption of ITRF
- Assessment of "value" of new GNSSs for GGOS & other IGS products

Multi-Constellation GNSS













SBAS: WAAS (3) MSAS (2) EGNOS (3) GAGAN (2) SDCM (3)





Regional Constellations: QZSS (4-7) IRNSS (7)

IGS Working Groups & M-GNSS

	How to convert IGS tracking
Working Groups	network to multi-GNSS?
Data Centre WG	Radiation pressure modelling
Reference Frame WG	for new satellites?
Tide Gauges WG	Clock products for new signals?
Space Vehicle Orbit Dynamics WG	
Clock Product WG	Remote sensing
Troposphere WG	
Ionosphere WG	New systems and signals
Antenna WG	patterns for new frequencies
Bias and Calibration WG	biases of new signals
GNSS WG	new systems
RINEX WG	observation format
Real Time PP	Real-time products

U. Hugentobler



3. IGS & real-time products...



- New geoscience capability
- Inculcate IGS "culture" of open data policies, etc.
- Encourage new IG
 participants
- Engagement w communities
- Ensures IGS continues to be recognised as the "GNSS experts"
- Develop new products

- Extend significantly the IGS's expertise
- Encourage adoption of new
 - GS standards, models...
 - sed visibility d IGS roles ous performance

targets

 Leads the IAG community into new field of "real-time geodesy"



- As an IAG service, the *performance*, *visibility* and *evolution* of the IGS is of particular interest to the IAG.
- The IGS is one of the best known of the IAG services.
- The IGS and the ITRF are viewed (by many) as inextricably linked.
- IGS products support not only GGOS and geoscience, but also many other societal precise positioning and datum modernisation needs.
- The IGS is "centre-stage" as far as new GNSS developments are concerned, such a multi-GNSS deployment and testing, global GNSS monitoring, expansion of CORS services, the RTS, modern data services, and in making modern geodesy far more "accessible".



- This workshop will provide update on new GNSS developments, new products to support IGS mission, and new IGS services.
- Outreach, beyond the workshop participants, is crucial... What do we want to say to others about where the IGS "is" and where it is "going"? Explaining IGS evolution is important.
- Many "players" would welcome an expanded (more visible?) role for the IGS.
- Multi-GNSS offers both challenges and opportunities.
- Being timid is not part of the culture of the IGS.
- However, quality-of-service (current or future) must not be compromised.



- The IGS must be seen to pay more than "lip service" to the incorporation of new systems and signals into routine operations... but groups can be trail-blazers... track, archive, or analyse new signals.
- However, the complete portfolio of IGS products must also be improved... *tap into the IGS "culture"*.
- The launch of the IGS-RTS is a crucial, even revolutionary, development, and has *international ramifications*.
- The global GNSS tracking network is the most *international* part of the IGS... *it is both the IGS's strength and a component that requires special attention*.





The IAG encourages the IGS to:

- Maintain & improve its current capabilities & products.
- Be creative & remain open to experimentation.
- Engage with the other IAG components.
- Play its critical role within GGOS.
- Support global & regional initiatives that develop new GNSS capability for geodesy (& other users).
- Continue to play a unique & valued role in international forums.
- Continue its positive role as the most "visible" of the IAG Services.



150th Anniversary