

#### ESA/ESOC IGS Network Operations. Present and Future.

#### ESOC IGS team Presented by C. Garcia (GMV)

IGS Workshop 2006 09-05-2006, ESOC, 1/16



#### Outline

- Introduction.
- ESOC GNSS network evolution.
- ESA/ESOC GNSS network description.
- IGS data and metadata contribution. Support to different projects and WGs : ultra, rapid, final, iono, real time.
- Impact of IGS recommendations (monumentation, etc)
- Giove (experimental Galileo satellite) network deployment.
- Plans for the future.

IGS Workshop 2006 09-05-2006, ESOC, 2/16



### Introduction

• ESA/ESOC role in IGS:

esa

- Data contribution from a small (12 receivers) but growing data network with nearly global coverage
- Analysis Centre contributing to almost all the IGS products: need for all kind of data and metadata (configuration, calibration, etc) distributed through IGS
- Permanent need to update the stations network with enhancements that fulfil the new requirements from all the IGS groups:
  - Data retrieval and availability in real-time, 1 Hz, 15 min NRT, hourly, daily, etc
  - New places like Tahiti, needed to improve the coverage of the RT and the GLONASS networks
  - Permanent GPS only and GPS/GLONASS receivers acquisition to provide local back-up receivers and improve GLONASS network coverage
  - Connection to Hydrogen masers (New Norcia, Cebreros, Kourou planned) or Cesium oscillators (rest of the stations)

IGS Workshop 2006 09-05-2006, ESOC, 3/16



## ESOC GNSS Network evolution

- Complete overhaul in the last two years
  - Creation of the Navigation Facility at ESOC
  - At the stations: racks overhaul following integration standards and with remote back-up equipment
  - Communications integration in operational network. Shared with main ESA projects
- Connection to Hydrogen masers from ESA deep space network:
  - Since 2002: New Norcia (Australia)
  - New station in 2005: Cebreros (Spain)
  - Planned: Kourou
- Acquisition in 2005 of 2 new GPS/GLONASS receivers planned for:
  - Tahiti. Installation planned for July 2006
  - Malindi. Installation planned for September 2006
- Improve support to IGS Real Time Network:
  - Complete GNSS network available in RT
  - Installation of a receiver at Tahiti
- EGNOS receiver installed at ESOC in 2005. Part of EGNOS system monitoring network.
  IGS Workshop 2006
  09-05-2006, ESOC, 4/16



# ESA/ESOC GNSS network



#### IGS Workshop 2006 09-05-2006, ESOC, 5/16



# IGS GLONASS and Real Time Networks



IGS Workshop 2006 09-05-2006, ESOC, 6/16



# **ESA/ESOC GNSS data Network**

- Current real time streams resulting from migration from ESOC development (own protocol and format) to RTIGS protocol to improve compatibility and data sharing.
- NRT missions support: full 15 min 1 Hz file downloaded if missing data (to be improved to minimize bandwidth requirements)
- Hourly and daily files for IGS data centres generated from 15 minutes 1 Hz data.
- Native binary data is not downloaded to ESOC.

IGS Workshop 2006 09-05-2006, ESOC, 7/16



## **ESOC** data flow

KIRU-KOUR-KOU1-MALI-NNOR-CEBR-PERT-REDU RECEIVER ANTENNA ESOC LINUX PC OSCILLATO udp ESA ESTRACK OPSLAN AshtechReader udp PERMANENT (Solaris) **RTIGS** Archiver LINES Data and UDPrelay metadata Files ftp KIRU-MAS1-(FAAA) INTERNET RECEIVER ANTENNA Relay LAN LINUX PC FIRE (Solaris) OSCILLATOR udp Data and **UDPrelay** metadata AshtechReader Files ftp IGS Global and IGS UDPRelay depository **Regional Data Centres IGS Workshop 2006** Data and UDPrelay 09-05-2006, ESOC, 8/16 metadata Files



### IGS data and metadata usage



IGS Workshop 2006 09-05-2006, ESOC, 9/16

# Impact of IGS recommendations (1)

Kiruna radome

"Avoid using radomes unless required operationally"

Discontinuity during snow covering and melting still there. Giove monument:

- deeper

esa

- centred in the plateau

#### • Antenna replacement at Kourou "Moving to another monument must be avoided"

Procedure to follow:

- Replace kour antenna.
- Run the "modified" kour and the "original" kou1 in parallel.
- Estimate the kour kou1 baseline before and after the equipment change
- Replace kou1 with the Galileo equipment.







IGS Workshop 2006 09-05-2006, ESOC, 10/16



# Impact of IGS recommendations (2)

#### Receivers set to track all in view

Problems with bug in some receivers tracking manoeuvring satellites

#### Add enhancements to try to have "IGS product sites" IGS Sites classification is:

- » IGS Proposed Sites.
- » IGS Provisional Sites.
- » IGS Project Sites.
- » IGS Product Sites.
- » IGS Inoperational.

#### Archive of native binary data

Not possible due to bandwidth limitations since data files are derived from real time streams



## Giove (experimental Galileo) System



GPC: GSTBv2 Processing Centre S-GESS: Standard GSTBv2 Experimental Sensor Station GPC-GESS: GSTBv2 Experimental Sensor Station at GPC UTC-GESS: GSTBv2 Experimental Sensor Station at UTC site DSF: Data Senver Facility GPCI:GSTBv Payload Control Interface E-OSPF:Experimental Ornit Synchronisation Processing Facility GSC: Ground Satellite Control

esa

5 Workshop 2006 206, ESOC, 12/16

## **Giove Experimental Sensor Stations**

esa





esa



IGS Workshop 2006 09-05-2006, ESOC, 14/16





# **Typical GESS installation**



IGS Workshop 2006 09-05-2006, ESOC, 15/16



# Plans for the future

- Deployment of Giove ground support network
- Deployment of GPS+GLONASS stations (Tahiti, Malindi)
- Deployment of RT stations (Tahiti)
- Kourou H-Maser
- Continued support to IGS
- Increase number of stations for all contributed products
- Involvement in IGS Real time WG pilot project

IGS Workshop 2006 09-05-2006, ESOC, 16/16